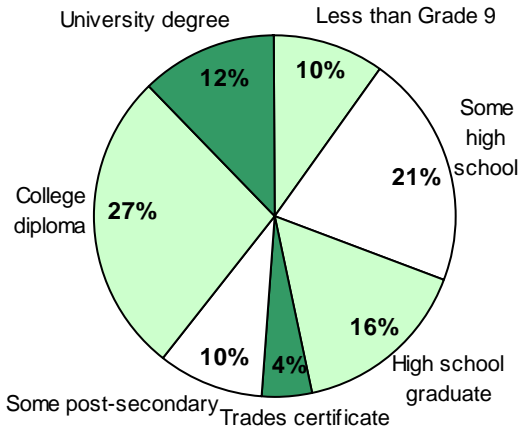


Workforce Focus

From the Niagara Training & Adjustment Board
 ...Niagara's Workforce Development Board

Educational Attainments

Niagara, Age 25+ (2001)



Education by Age Group

Niagara, (2001)

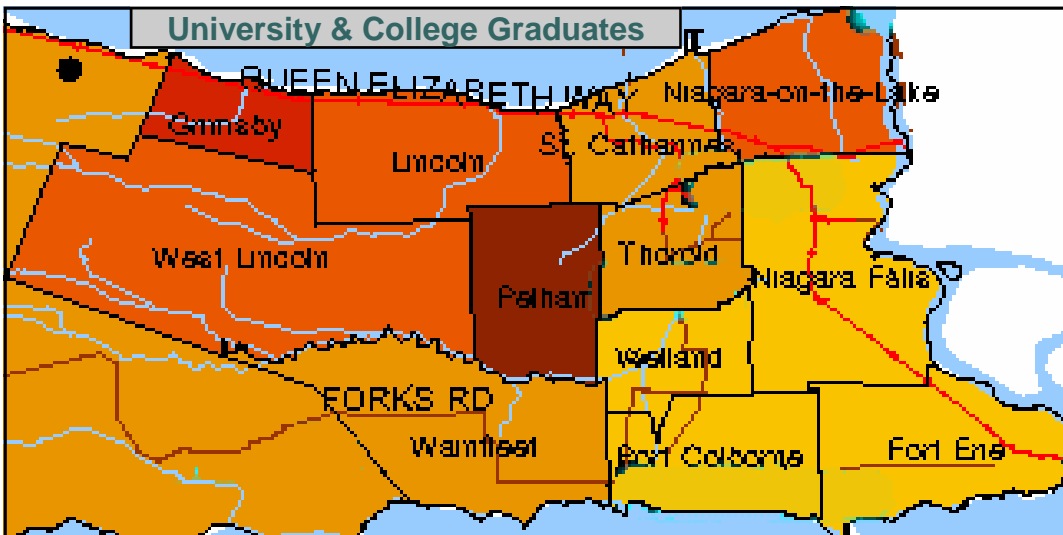
Education Level	20-34	35-44	44-64
University degree	17%	15%	14%
College Diploma	20%	23%	17%
Trades certificate	10%	14%	14%
High school graduate and/or some post-secondary	39%	30%	25%
No high school graduation	14%	18%	31%

When compared to provincial levels, Niagara has a lesser share of the population with university degrees. This region has a greater share without high school or with only high school. There is parity in the shares of college diplomas and trade certificates.

Source: 2001 Census Data, Statistics Canada

The age group of 20-34 year olds have the greatest share with a university degree and at least a high school diploma, but the least share with a trades certificate and less college diplomas than those age 35-44. 44-64 year olds have the least share of higher education and the greatest share without a high school diploma.

Source: 2001 Census Data, Statistics Canada



This map displays sub-regional population shares possessing a University degree or College diploma.

Legend

Yellow	35 - 39.9 %
Orange	40 - 44.9 %
Dark Orange	45 - 49.9 %
Red	50 - 55 %
Dark Red	> 55 %

ONTARIO VALUE: 48.69 %

Source: Rural Economic Development and Intelligence, 2001 Census Data, Statistics

Pelham is Niagara's highest educated sub-region, with over 55% of its population possessing a University degree or college diploma. Grimsby also has over half its population having graduated from a post-secondary program.



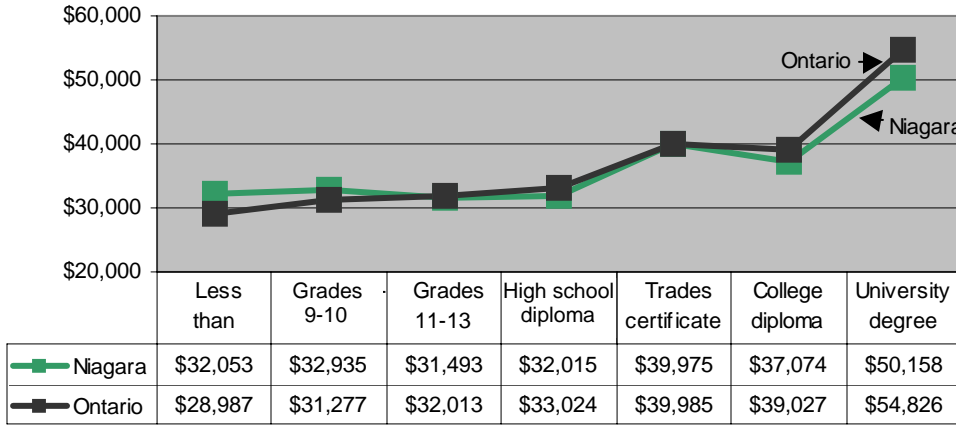
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Workforce Focus is an original publication of the Elgin, Middlesex, Oxford, Local Training Board

Created by : Dane Rice

Incomes by Education

Median incomes for Niagara and Ontario, 2001



Source: 2001 Census Data, Statistics Canada

Examining Earnings

The least educated people of the Niagara region have higher median incomes than the provincial norm, while the highest educated of Niagara collectively earn less than those of the province. Earnings of those with a trades certificate or high school diploma are quite close to the provincial level.

Employment Structures

December, 2005

	Full time	Part time
St. Catharines-Niagara C.M.A.	79%	21%
Ontario	83%	17%

Source: 2005 Labour Force Survey, Statistics Canada

Top 10 Employment Occupations Niagara, 2001

	Employment	% of Workforce	Wage Group
Intermediate Sales & Service Occupations	22,660	11%	Low
Elemental Sales & Service Occupations	21,715	11%	Low
Trades & Skilled Transport & Equipment Operators	20,075	10%	High
Middle & Other Management Occupations	17,615	9%	Moderately High
Clerical Occupations	16,090	8%	Moderately Low
Skilled Administrative & Business Occupations	11,435	6%	Moderately Low
Processing & Manufacturing Machine Operators & Assemblers	11,005	6%	Moderately High
Skilled Sales & Service Occupations	10,800	5%	Moderately Low
Intermediate Occs. in Transport, Equipment Oper'n, Installation & Maint.	10,630	5%	Moderately High
Professional Occs. in Social Science, Education, Gov't Services	10,105	5%	High

Source: 2001 Census Data, Statistics Canada

Wage Groups

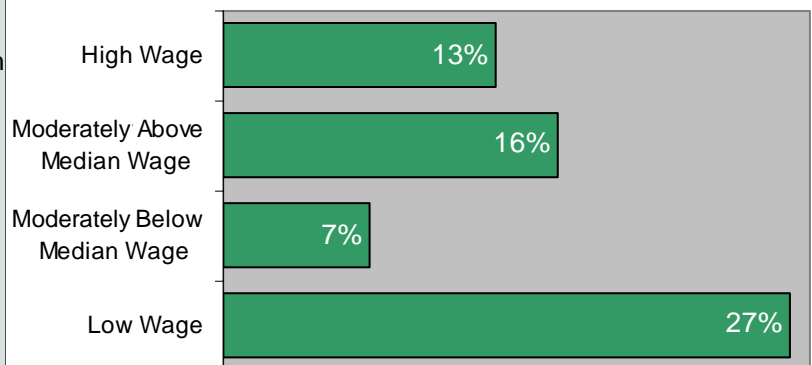
The annual employment income median for the region is \$36,678. Occupations which on average earn over or less than 25% of this median are High wage and Low wage, with all other occupations falling into moderately above or below median wage groups.

Though there was employment growth at each earnings level in Niagara from 1996-2001, the greatest job creation was in the low wage occupations.

Source: 2001 Census Data, Statistics Canada

Employment Growth by Wage Group

Niagara, 1996-2001



Canada

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Ontario

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